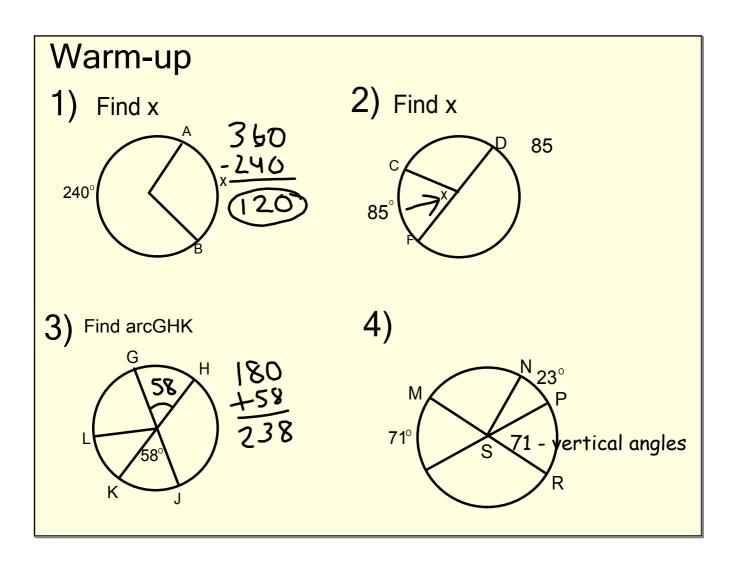
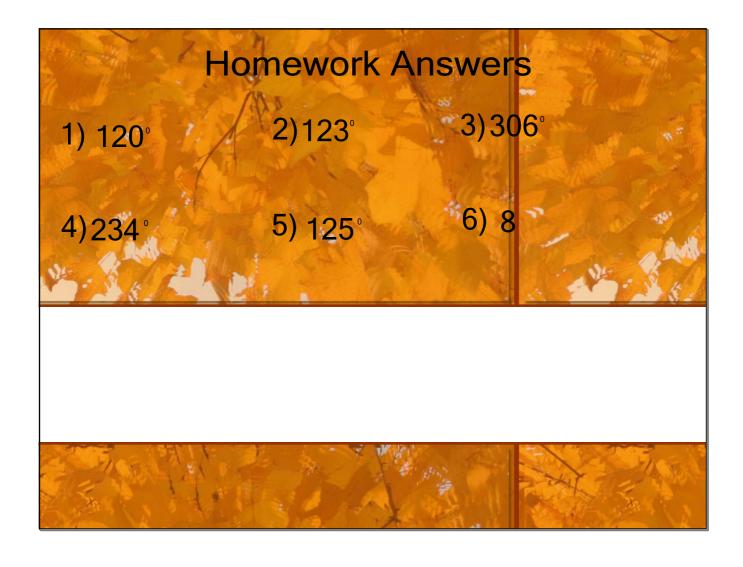
Analytic Geometry March 17, 2016 Inscribed and Circumscribed Angles.

EQ: How is the central angle of a circle and an inscribed angle related?

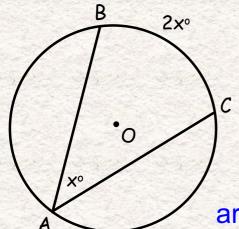
MCC9-12.G.C.2 Identify and describe relationships among inscribed angles, radii, and chords. Include the relationship between central, inscribed, and circumscribed angles; inscribed angles on a diameter are right angles, the radius of a circle is perpendicular to the tangent where the radius intersects the circle.

Quiz: Circle Vocabulary





Inscribed Angles

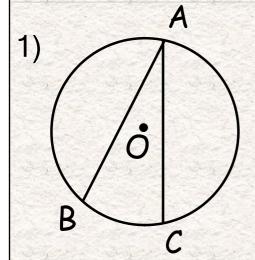


Properties of Inscribed Angles

- vertex lies on the circle
- sides are chords of the circle.
- corresponding arc is equal to twice the measure of the inscribed angle.

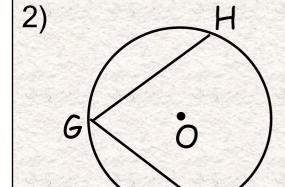
$$arc = 2(angle)$$
 or $angle = \frac{arc}{2}$

Let's Practice



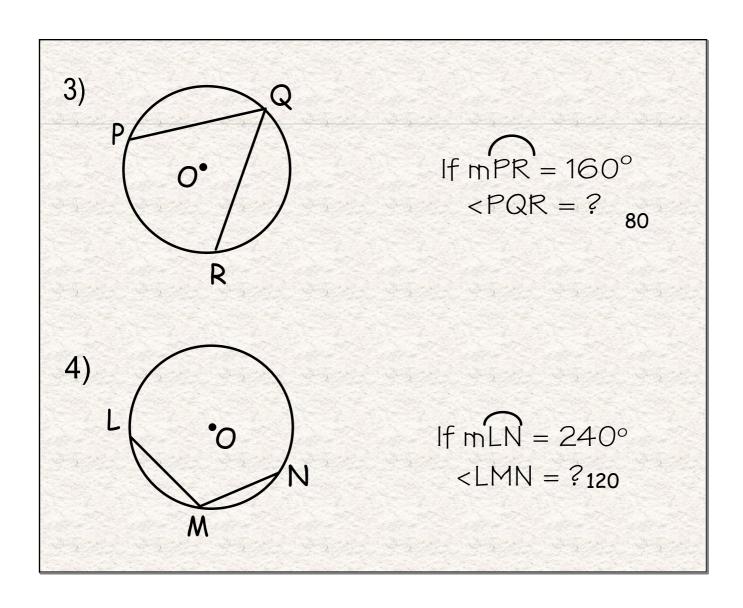
If
$$<$$
BAC = 31° ,

$$mBC = ? 62$$

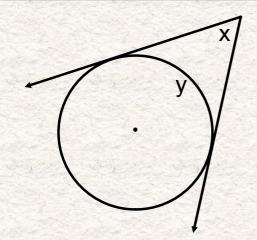


If
$$<$$
HGJ = 84° ,

$$mHJ = ?_{168}$$



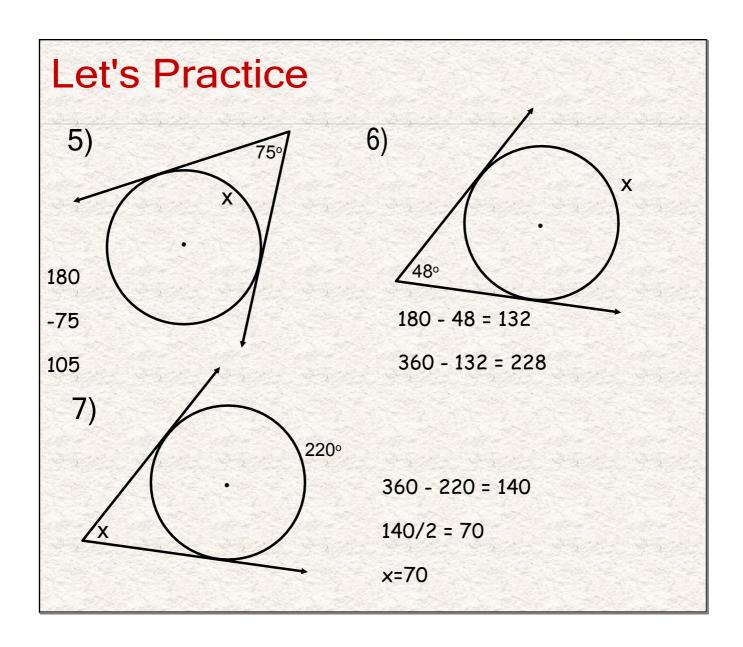
Circumscribed Angles

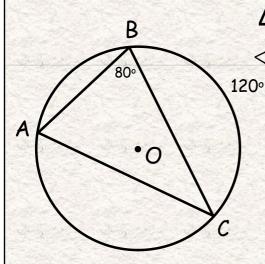


Properties of Circumscribed Angles

- vertex lies outside of the circle.
- sides are tangents of the circle.
- circumscribed angle and corresponding arc sum to 180°.

$$x + y = 180^{\circ}$$





 Δ ABC is inscribed in circle 0.

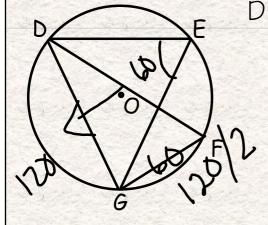
$$<$$
ABC = 80° and BC = 120°

Find the measures of:

$$<$$
ACB = $80 \times 2 = 160$
 $160 + 120 = 280$

$$\widehat{AB} = 360 - 280 = 80$$

$$AC = 80 \times 2 = 160$$



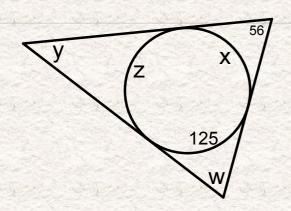
 Δ DGE is an equilateral triangle DF bisects <EDG.

Find the measure of: <DEG = $^{180}/3 = 60$ for each angle.

$$\widehat{DG} = 60 \times 2 = 120$$

120 / 2 (bisector) = 60
$$< DGF = 180$$

Find the missing measures.



$$w = (180 - 125) = 55$$

$$x = (180 - 56) = 124$$

$$y = 180 - (55+56) = 69$$

$$z = 180 - 69 = 111$$

